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Theoretische Metallkunde. By Ulrich Dehlinger. 250 pp. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Germany, 1955. DM 27.00. Reviewed by Ernest A. Lynton, Rutgers University.

This book on theoretical metallurgy, which attempts to cover quantitatively every aspect of the field from the simplest description of crystal lattices to an up-todate discussion of relaxation processes in 208 pages, surely deserves an A for effort. It is not clear, however, what mark such a book should receive for achievement, for it is difficult to gauge who would find this slim volume particularly useful. To the beginner in the field, or to the man principally versed in the more applied aspects of metallurgy, the breathtaking pace of the presentation is a great obstacle. For the more expert reader, on the other hand, the monograph lacks thoroughness, a shortcoming aggravated by a total and incomprehensible lack of specific references other than a general bibliography appended to the book. These faults are all the more regrettable because the organization of the book is very good, and its general approach mixes descriptive and quantitative matter in a very illuminating fashion. Dr. Dehlinger should be persuaded to expand his book to about twice its present size.

Advances in Biological and Medical Physics. Vol. IV. Edited by John H. Lawrence and Cornelius A. Tobias. 356 pp. Academic Press Inc., New York, 1956. \$8.80. Reviewed by Joseph G. Hoffman, Roswell Park Memorial Institute.

The fourth volume of Advances has eight chapters illustrating the Editors' very broad concept of biophysics. The chapters range from physics in one of its most interesting forms, namely information theory and protein structure, to physiological aging having no immediately discernible physical basis. Between these extremes of physics at its best to no physics at all, the other six chapters describe x-ray analysis of proteins, cell division, temperature effects on unicellular organisms, infrared spectrometry, iron metabolism kinetics, and chemistry of the human body.

The chapter, "A Special Consideration of the Aging Process, Disease, and Life Expectancy", by H. B. Jones, has no allusion even remotely to physics nor does the author indicate any possible physical basis for his subject. Extensive information of interest to actuarial statisticians, physicians, and epidemiologists is presented.

"The Gross Composition of the Body" by Siri is a biochemical review of methods for determining body components. Various formulas for estimating magnitudes of gross components are discussed and four tables of data given.

Huff and Judd in "Kinetics of Iron Metabolism" seek to determine many parameters in several simultaneous differential equations by the use of an analogue computer. The physiological problem is to follow iron tracer atoms through many compartments in the body.