DIGITAL PULSE PROCESSORS



Digital Pulse Processor Shaping Amplifier MCA Power Supplies

Features of the PX5:

- Compatible with all Amptek detectors & detectors from other manufacturers
- 80 MHz ADC
- Trapezoidal and CUSP shaping
- Reduced ballistic deficit
- High count rate capability & stability
- High throughput & pile-up rejection
- MCA with 8 k channels
- USB, RS232 & Ethernet interface
- Free software for instrument control, data acquisition, and analysis
- Free Software Developer's Kit (SDK)
- Oscilloscope mode



Size: 3.5 in. x 2.5 in.

Features of the DP5:

- 80 MHz ADC
- Replaces both shaping amplifier and MCA
- Supports both reset and feedback preamplifiers of either polarity
- 16 SCAs
- Configurable for use with PMTs
- For OEM or custom laboratory use
- Highly configurable



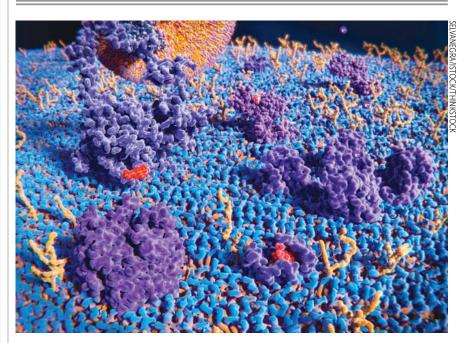
BOOKS

Maiman at his 7 July press conference, a reproduction of his *Nature* paper, and a list of his scientific papers, patents, awards, prizes, and citations. It is particularly nice to see the photo of the original small ruby laser setup and its holographic reproduction, one of which I was given in Vancouver in 2010.

The Laser Inventor presents a lot of interesting material and captures a piece of the history of science. I recommend it to everyone who wants to learn about the laser's beginnings.

Mario Bertolotti

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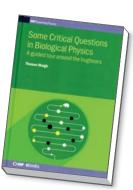


Digging the trenches of biological physics

s scientists, we dig into and work away at new questions until, ideally, we gain a deeper understanding of them. If you, like me, practice biological physics, you realize that the digging is hardly straightforward: You are constantly detouring to explore more physics and sometimes even biology. Such detours are all the more frustrating because you can see that the landscape ahead of you is scientifically fertile and know how much more your conventional physicist colleagues could and should invest in helping biological physics get there. Some Critical Questions in Biological Physics: A Guided Tour Around the Bugbears by Thomas Waigh may be able to persuade more physicists to join us as we dig.

A handful of textbooks provide excellent platforms for undergraduate and Some Critical Questions in Biological Physics A Guided Tour Around the Bugbears

Thomas Waigh IOP, 2017. \$159.00



graduate teaching in biological physics. *An Introduction to Systems Biology: Design Principles of Biological Circuits* (2006) by Uri Alon is a classic entry point that physicists usually appreciate. In *Physical Biology of the Cell* (2nd edition, 2013), Rob Phillips and his coauthors cover cell biology in the language of soft condensed matter and statistical physics and include

a wealth of useful course material. *Biophysics: Searching for Principles* (2012) by William Bialek gives a sense of how deep physics can go in terms of understanding signal processing in living systems. Philip Nelson's *Physical Models of Living Systems* (2015) is a compelling pitch for the value and meaning of doing physics in the world of life.

Together they showcase the contributions that methods from statistical, nonlinear, and condensed-matter physics can make to biology; often, physical approaches enable new biological questions to be posed and addressed. But valuable as they are, those books are mostly written by theoreticians. As a result of evolutionary complexity, biological modeling necessarily involves experimental data.

Which brings us to Waigh's contribution. Some Critical Questions in Biological Physics is a unique book. It is written in a personal, direct, and informal style. You can imagine Waigh pitching the field to prospective graduate students or to his departmental colleagues, or describing what the community has achieved and where it is headed. Waigh's own career and experiences, central to the topics covered in his book, give the text a personal connecting thread. I happened to enjoy that approach, but if you are looking for more unbiased coverage, this may not be the book for you.

Waigh is an experimentalist who has had a successful career using imaging, scattering, spectroscopy, and rheological tools to study biological systems and soft condensed matter. That experience gives him a different point of view from the authors of the textbooks listed above. Instead of gathering our current understanding into a systematic framework, Waigh takes stock of open problems—the "bugbears" of his subtitle. Those bugbears are mostly connected to experimental challenges, and Waigh looks for new tools or experimental designs that might solve them.

The book's structure makes the text very accessible. The 18 main chapters each begin with a roughly 10-page essay that includes introductory and advanced references; the next few pages explain specialized terms and the underlying physics and offer some further references. The topics include molecular motors, cell membranes, the role of physical chemistry, and regulation of gene expression. My favorite chapters are on the

21 types of mucins in a human and the challenges of gene delivery, but I enjoyed most of them.

Don't expect to learn any physics here, nor all the necessary biology to start working on outstanding research problems. The book's value is to highlight, in a clear and straightforward way, a number of frontiers where physicists can join biological physicists to tackle important open biological questions.

Some Critical Questions in Biological Physics should be read by physicists who

want to appreciate what biological physics is about and perhaps transition into it. But biological physicists also will find it a pleasure to read—those of us in the field may find ourselves inspired to try to claim one of the lollipops Waigh promises in return for solving his bugbears! The book's main fault is the price: that is the only number that is off by an order of magnitude.

Pietro CicutaUniversity of Cambridge
Cambridge, UK



On the Future Prospects for Humanity

Martin Rees

Cloth \$18.95

- "Rees manages weighty, often scary, matters with an eminently accessible lightness of touch." —John Cornwell, Financial Times
- "A clarion call for global, rational, long-term thinking."
- —Barb Kiser, Nature

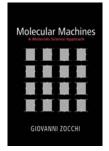


How to Fall Slower Than Gravity

And Other Everyday (and Not So Everyday) Uses of Mathematics and Physical Reasoning

Paul J. Nahin

"A fascinating tour de force of a variety of problems covering pure and applied mathematics, physics, and engineering that will keep your mind busy for days." —Eli Maor, author of *To Infinity* and Beyond



Molecular Machines

A Materials Science Approach

Giovanni Zocchi

- "Stimulating. Zocchi presents a new and refreshing perspective on old fundamental problems. Molecular Machines is an important book."
- —Anatoly B. Kolomeisky, author of Motor Proteins and Molecular Motors



Quantum Many-Body Physics in a Nutshell

Edward Shuryak

- "A truly unique contribution to the many-body textbook literature."
- —Willem H. Dickhoff,Washington Universityin St. Louis







