

LETTERS

readers and de Llano's colleagues that he will be afforded every opportunity for due process as we attempt to resolve the problems between de Llano and his colleagues within the physics department. We do not take a situation like this lightly and indeed have great respect for faculty rights.

J. L. OZBUN

North Dakota State University

8/94

Fargo, North Dakota

Views Called Segrè's Were Actually Emo's

Please permit me to clarify to your readers that the opinions regarding Luis W. Alvarez and Edwin M. McMillan that Glenn Seaborg attributed to Emilio Segrè in his review of Segrè's autobiography *A Mind Always in Motion* (April, page 61) are clearly Segrè's quotations of Lorenzo Emo's opinions. (See page 135 of the book.)

ROSA M. SEGRÈ

5/94

Lafayette, California

Jean Paul Mathieu Career Corrections

We wish to correct several errors that appeared in the obituary of Jean Paul Mathieu (January 1994, page 59). Mathieu died at the age of 86, not 84. His main interests were the use of symmetry properties to understand optical effects and the use of the inelastic scattering of light not only "by molecules," as the obituary stated, but also by all sorts of partially ordered solids. Concerning piezoelectric crystals, although Mathieu contributed to the initial idea, it was Henri Poulet who analyzed and properly interpreted the ZnS Raman spectra they had measured together and thereby made clear the influence of the electro-optic tensor on the Raman activity of those crystals.

Also, as a result of errors during the editing process, the obituary placed the city of Lille, France, in Belgium and cited Mathieu's undergraduate degrees incorrectly: He earned degrees in both physics (1930) and pharmacy (1931) from the Université de Paris.

ROBERT PICK

HENRI POULET

Université Pierre et Marie Curie
Paris, France

ELIAS BURSTEIN

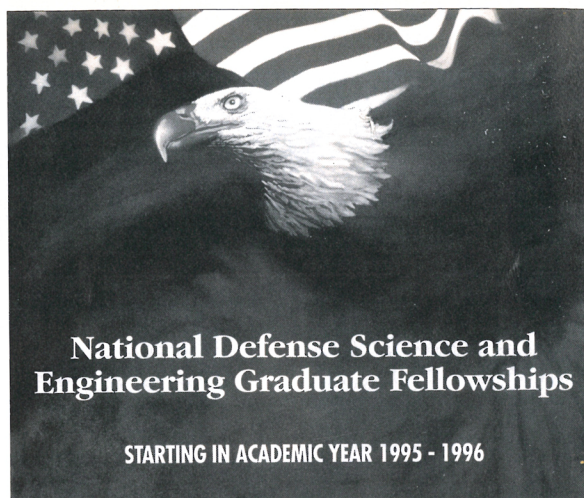
University of Pennsylvania
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

JOSEPH L. BIRMAN

City College of the City University

6/94

of New York ■



As a means of increasing the number of U.S. citizens trained in disciplines of science and engineering of military importance, the Department of Defense plans to award approximately 90 new three-year graduate fellowships in April 1995. National Defense Science and Engineering Graduate Fellowships will be awarded for study and research leading to doctoral degrees in, or closely related to, the following disciplines:

AERONAUTICAL AND ASTRONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

BIOSCIENCES (Includes Toxicology)

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

CHEMISTRY

COGNITIVE, NEURAL, AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE

COMPUTER SCIENCE

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

GEOSCIENCES (Includes terrain, water, and air)

MANUFACTURING SCIENCES AND ENGINEERING (Includes Industrial Engineering)

MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

MATHEMATICS

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

NAVAL ARCHITECTURE AND OCEAN ENGINEERING

OCEANOGRAPHY

PHYSICS (Includes Optics)

National Defense Science and Engineering Graduate Fellows selected in 1995 will receive a stipend in addition to full tuition and required fees. The amount of the stipend is \$16,500 for 1995-1996; \$17,500 for 1996-1997; \$18,500 for 1997-1998. Also, the fellow's graduate academic department will receive \$2,000 per year.

Recipients of National Defense Science and Engineering 1995-1996 Graduate Fellowships do not incur any military or other service obligation.

Specific information regarding the fellowship and an application package are available from Battelle Memorial Institute, a not-for-profit research institution, which is administering the program for the Department of Defense.

To request a copy of the application materials to be mailed directly to you, contact Battelle at the following address:

NDSEG Fellowship Program

200 Park Drive, Suite 211

P.O. Box 13444

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3444

ATTN: Dr. George Outterson

(919) 549-8505

NDSEG@ARO-EMH1.ARMY.MIL

Completed applications must be received by Battelle by **January 18, 1995.**

