BOOKS

Kolmogorov, Vladimir Arnold and Jürgen Moser (which became known as the KAM theory). They showed that if one starts with an integrable system that is nondegenerate in an appropriate sense and makes a small perturbation of that system, then there is a set of large volume in the phase space on which the motion remains as regular as it would be in the completely integrable case. The set of trajectories to which the KAM theory does not apply is of small volume but large importance. In particular, it typically has a very complicated shape and forms a sort of web that for arbitrary, small perturbations of an integrable system can nonetheless extend for unlimited distances through the phase space. Using this observation, Arnold was able to construct an example of a small perturbation of a completely integrable system with trajectories that wandered arbitrarily far from their starting point. This phenomenon, now known as Arnold diffusion, forms the centerpiece of this book.

The authors of the present volume have all been involved in elucidating the appearance and importance of this mechanism for producing chaos in various physical settings. Therefore, they are well qualified to survey this field, and in my opinion, the strongest sections of the book are those in which the authors explain how Arnold diffusion arises. They describe how separatrices (which are special orbits in the integrable problem) split up under perturbation and give rise to a tangled network that permeates the phase space and through which chaotic trajectories of the system may pass. They also describe approximate methods for calculating the extent of this web and the rate at which trajectories diffuse through it.

Preceding this description is a brief introduction to Hamiltonian dynamics. This serves as a useful brushup for someone already familiar with the area, but I suspect it is too brief to be of much help to someone unfamiliar with the subject. The authors then describe the formation of the stochastic web. This material is fairly standard and can be found in other books (albeit with different emphases), such as Allen Lichtenberg and Michael Lieberman's Regular and Stochastic Motion (Springer-Verlag, New York, 1983).

The book then goes on to treat a rather special topic, the existence of certain special Hamiltonian systems in which the stochastic web forms a quasiperiodic structure in the phase space. The only place in which these

topics seem to be covered, aside from the original literature, is in the review article "Weak Chaos and Structures" (Soviet Scientific Reviews C 8, 83, 1989) by the authors of the volume presently under review. The discussion of these structures and of similar phenomena in related models, such as three-dimensional fluid motion, takes up about half of the book. In these sections the authors discuss the relationship of these classical mechanical models to quasicrystals, and they draw an interesting relationship between the distribution of elliptic and hyperbolic periodic orbits in chaotic dynamical systems and the density of states in condensed matter physics. However, the real relevance of these particular quasiperiodic patterns for understanding the origin of chaos in Hamiltonian systems remains unclear to me because they appear to be rather unstable under perturbation of the parameters of the model, while the occurrence of chaos in such systems is a robust effect.

The book is generally well produced, with a large number of lovely figures of quasiperiodic webs. In addition, the final chapter contains very interesting pictures of similar quasiperiodic patterns found in nature and art; however, the scientific connection of this chapter with the rest of the book is rather tenuous.

Because of the somewhat specialized nature of much of the material, I would not recommend this book to someone wishing for an introduction to chaos in Hamiltonian systems. Rather, I expect it will be of most interest to specialists looking for a source for this material outside the original literature—the only other place much of it can be found.

C. EUGENE WAYNE Pennsylvania State University

NEW BOOKS

Atomic and Molecular Physics

Atom–Photon Interactions: Basic Processes and Applications. C. Cohen-Tannoudji, J. Dupont-Roc, G. Gynberg. Wiley, New York, 1992. 656 pp. $\$69.95\ hc$ ISBN 0-471-62556-6

Methods and Mechanisms for Producing Ions from Large Molecules. NATO ASI Series B 269. Proc. Wksp., Minaki, Canada, June 1990. K. G. Standing, W. Ens, eds. Plenum, New York, 1991. 334 pp. \$95.00 hc ISBN 0-306-44017-2

Quasimolecular Modelling. World Scientific Lecture Notes in Physics 44. D. Greenspan. World Scientific, River Edge, N. J., 1991. 199 pp. \$32.00 hc ISBN 981-02-0719-0. Monograph

Semiclassical Mechanics with Molecular Applications. International Seies of Monographs on Chemistry 25. M. S. Child. Oxford U. P., New York, 1991. 417 pp. \$98.00 hc ISBN 0-19-855654-3

State-Selected and State-to-State Ion-Molecule Reaction Dynamics, Parts 1-2. Advances in Chemical Physics. C.-Y. Ng, M. Baer, eds. Wiley, New York, 1992. Part 1: Experiment. 686 pp. \$140.00 hc ISBN 0-471-53258-4. Part 2: Theory. 561 pp. \$140.00 hc ISBN 0-471-53263-0. Compilations

Astronomy and Astrophysics

Astronomical Masers. M. Elitzur. Kluwer, Boston, 1992. 351 pp. \$45.00 pb ISBN 0-7923-1217-1

A Concise Dictionary of Astronomy. J. Mitton. Oxford U. P., New York, 1991. 423 pp. \$24.95 hc ISBN 0-19-853967-3. Reference

Multicolor Stellar Photometry. Astronomy and Astrophysics 15. V. Straižys. Pachard, Tucson, Ariz., 1992. 570 pp. \$63.00 pb ISBN 0-88126-029-0. Monograph

Star Briefs: A Dictionary of Abbreviations, Acronyms, and Symbols in Astronomy, Space Sciences, and Related Fields. A. Heck. Observatoire Astronomique, Strasbourg, France, 1992. 690 pp. Price not stated pb ISBN 2-908064-17-0

The Physics of Astrophysics, Vol. II: Gas Dynamics. F. H. Shu. University Science Books, Mill Valley, Calif., 1992. 476 pp. \$46.50 hc ISBN 0-935702-65-2

Biophysics and Medical Physics

Artificial Life II. Santa Fe Institute Studies in the Sciences of Complexity X. Proc. Wksp., Santa Fe, N. M. 1991. C. G. Langton, C. Taylor, J. D. Farmer, S. Rasmussen, eds. Addison–Wesley, Redwood City, Calif., 1992. 500 pp. \$34.50 pb ISBN 0-201-52571-2

Bioceramics: Materials, Properties and Applications. A. Ravaglioli, A. Krajewski. Chapman and Hall, New York, 1992. 422 pp. \$129.95 hc ISBN 0-412-34960-4

The Bone–Biomaterials Interface. J. E. Davies, ed. U. Toronto P., Buffalo, N. Y., 1991. 502 pp. \$140.00 hc ISBN 0-8020-5941-4. Compilation

Health and Ecological Implications of Radioactively Contaminated Environments. Proc. Mtg., Washington, D. C., April 1990. C. R. Richmond, ed. NCRP, Bethesda, Maryland, 1991. 233 pp. \$25.00 pb ISBN 0-929600-14-2

Optronic Techniques in Diagnostic and Therapeutic Medicine. Proc. Wksp., Florence, Italy, March 1990. R. Pratesi, ed. Plenum, New York, 1991. 309 pp. \$79.50 hc ISBN 0-306-43938-7

Radiation Injuries: Ionizing Radiation.

American Jurisprudence: Proof of Facts

14. Third edition. D. S. Gooden. Lawyers Cooperative, Rochester, N.Y., 1991. 156 pp. \$26.95 pb LCCN 89-63298

Chaos and Nonlinear Systems

The Transition to Chaos in Conservative Classical Systems: Quantum Manifestations. Institute for Nonlinear Science. L. E. Reichl. Springer-Verlag, New York, 1992. 551 pp. \$45.00 hc ISBN 0-387-97753-8. Monograph

Topics in Soliton Theory. Mathematics Studies 67. R. W. Carroll. North-Holland, New York, 1991. 428 pp. \$100.00 hc ISBN 0-444-88869-1

Energy and Environment

Climate Change: Science, Impacts and Policy. Proc. Conf., Geneva, Switzerland, October-November 1990. J. Jäger, H. L. Ferguson, eds. Cambridge U.P., New York, 1991. 575 pp. \$95.00 hc ISBN 0-521Global Climate Change and California: Potential Impacts and Responses. J. B. Knox, A. F. Scheuring, eds. U. of California P., Berkley, 1992. 184 pp. \$22.95 hc ISBN 0-520-07555-2. Compilation

The Legacy of Chernobyl. Z. Medvedev. Norton, New York, 1990. 352 pp. \$10.95 pb ISBN 0-393-30814-6

Physics of Climate. J. P. Peixoto, A. H. Oort. AIP, New York, 1992. 550 pp. \$45.00 pb ISBN 0-88318-712-4

Nuclear Physics

Advances in Nuclear Science and Technology, Vol. 22. J. Lewins, M. Becker, eds. Plenum, New York, 1991. 225 pp. \$69.50 hc ISBN 0-306-44094-6. Compilation

Nuclear Collisions from the Mean-Field into the Fragmentation Regime. Proc. Sch., Villa Monastero, Italy, July 1989. North-Holland, New York, 1992. 521 pp. \$164.00 hc ISBN 0-444-89426-8

Theoretical Nuclear Physics. J. M. Blatt, V. F. Weisskopf. Dover, New York, 1991 [1952]. 878 pp. \$18.95 pb ISBN 0-486-66827-4. Reprint

Theoretical Nuclear Physics: Nuclear Reactions. H. Feshbach. Wiley, New York, 1992. 959 pp. \$150.00 hc ISBN 0-471-05750-9

Towards a Unified Picture of Nuclear Dynamics. AIP Conference Proceedings 250. Conf. Symp., Nikko, Japan, June 1991. AIP, New York, 1992. 558 pp. \$110.00 hc ISBN 0-88318-930-5

Plasmas and Fusion

Diagnostics for Contemporary Fusion Experiments. International School of Plasma Physics: Piero Caldirola. Proc. Wksp., Varenna, Italy, August–September 1991. Editrice Compositori, Bologna, 1991. 1095 pp. Price not stated hc ISBN 88-7794-043-3

High Power Microwave Generation and Applications. International School of Plasma Physics: Piero Caldirola. Proc. Wksp., Varenna, Italy, September 1991. D. Akulina, E. Sindoni, C. Wharton, eds. Editrice Compositori, Bologna, 1992. 623 pp. Price not stated hc ISBN 88-7794-044-1

Statistical Physics

Computer-Aided Statistical Physics. AIP Conference Proceedings 248. Proc. Conf., Taipei, June 1991. AIP, New York, 1992. 277 pp. \$90.00 hc ISBN 0-88318-

Maximum Entropy in Action. B. Buck, V. A. Macaulay, eds. Clarendon (Oxford), New York, 1991. 220 pp. \$65.00 hc ISBN 0-19-853941-X

Solids Far From Equilibrium. C. Godrèche, ed. Cambridge U.P., New York, 1992. 588 pp. \$120.00 hc ISBN 0-521-41170-X. Compilation

Essential Reading MaterialFor the Materials Scientist

SUPERCONDUCTIVITY: Its Historical Roots and Development from Mercury to the Ceramic Oxides

Per Fridtjof Dahl, Superconducting Super Collider Laboratory, Dallas

The first truly comprehensive history of superconductivity—from the first studies in the late 19th century to the present. The book delves deeply into a largely undocumented early history, marked by H.K. Onnes's first successes with mercury in 1911 and extending to the onset of World War II. Encompasses the materials development of the fifties; the work that culminated in the BCS theory of the early sixties; and the important recent application of ceramic oxides.

1992, 400 pages, illustrated • 0-88318-797-3, hardcover, \$60.00

PIEZOELECTRICITY

C.Z. Rosen, GEC-Marconi Electronic Systems Corp., B.V. Hiremath, AT&T Bell Laboratories, and R.E. Newnham, Penn State University

Thirty-two major review papers guide you in preparing and choosing piezoelectric materials and assist you in designing signal processing devices. Coverage ranges from the mundane to the arcane—from the dimmer switch in your home to sonar on an attack submarine. Major sections explore measurements and standards and the derivation of piezoelectric coefficients and the equations of state for coupling mechanical, electrical, and thermal fields.

1992, 512 pages • 0-88318-647-0, hardcover, \$95.00

COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN CONDENSED MATTER: ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE

A.A. Katsnelson and V.S. Stepanyuk, Moscow State University, A. Szasz, Eotvos University, Budapest, and O.V. Faberovich, Voronezh University

Here is the first book to make accessible a large number of computational results previously known only by a few experienced practitioners. You'll find a comprehensive analysis of electron states, calculation methods for electronic structures, pseudopotential methods, and electron methods and functional theory designed to calculate physical properties.

1992, 320 pages • 0-88318-865-1, hardcover, \$80.00

To order, call toll free: 1-800-488-BOOK In Vermont: 1-802-878-0315 fax 1-802-878-1102



72

MACRICAN Marketing and Sales • 335 E. 45th St. • NY, NY 10017 Members of AIP Member Societies are enumed to a 20% chased for personal use. To order at member rates, please use the toll free number.