letters

Teaching and Learning from the Danforth Foundation. We thank Gerald Holton for the encouragement and assistance he provided in the initial phase of the program.

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Delighted reader

9/30/77

The letters to the editor on "Kirkhoff versus Kirchhoff" in November (page 13) were as unexpected a delight as the student who asked me recently to explain "Gesundheit's Law," very carefully.

TED UZZLE
11/22/77 Cambridge, Mass.

Soviet discrimination

We wish to protest the discriminatory practices of the Soviet Union towards Israeli scientists wishing to participate in international scientific meetings held in the USSR.

The Fourth International Meeting on Ferroelectricity (IMF-4) was held in Leningrad during 18-23 September 1977. The meeting was organized by the Academy of Sciences of the USSR under the sponsorship of the International Union of Pure and Applied Physics, the International Atomic Energy Agency, and the European Physical Society. We both had delivered papers at the Third International Meeting on Ferroelectricity in Edinburgh in 1973, and we were looking forward to participating in IMF-4. However, at every stage-soliciting information regarding the meeting; inquiring as to the status of our submitted manuscripts; attempting to obtain any entry visa to the USSR-we, and several other Israeli colleagues, encountered incredible obstacles, which ultimately led to our being unable to attend the meeting. Our individual experiences were as follows:

Sidney B. Lang: The abstract of a paper

was submitted on 29 March 1977 to G. Smolensky, Chairman of IMF-4 in Leningrad. Receipt of abstract was never acknowledged, nor was information sent regarding the status of the paper. After seeking the assistance of W. Cochran (University of Edinburgh) and W. J. Merz (RCA, Zurich), we received a letter from Cochran, dated 30 June 1977, stating that he had received a cable from Smolensky that the papers of Lang and Havlin had been accepted. Because of the impossibility of an Israeli receiving a visa to the USSR without first travelling to Western Europe, and lacking any official documentation from the organizing committee that could be used in requesting a visa from Soviet embassies in Europe, Lang was forced to withdraw his paper on 25 August 1977. On 16 September 1977, two days before the meeting opened in Leningrad. Lang received the "Second Circular" about the meeting, mailed from Romania on 30 August 1977. This circular bore no date, but it specified a number of deadlines between 30 April and 18 June 1977! It apparently was sent to the non-Israeli participants early in 1977.

Shlomo Havlin: The abstract of a paper was submitted on 7 February 1977 to Smolensky. As in the case of Lang, acknowledgement of the receipt of the abstract, as well as a response to previous letters requesting information regarding IMF-4, was not received. On 8 July 1977 the secretary general of IUPAP, in response to requests for assistance by the Israel Physical Society, cabled that Havlin's paper was included in the meeting program, and that he need only apply to Intourist for an entry visa. On 9 August 1977, Havlin arrived in Paris and on the same day began the procedure for a visa at the local Intourist representatives. For five weeks Havlin waited in the hope of receiving an entry visa. At every visit to the office of the Intourist representatives as well as to the Soviet embassy, he was assured that "tomorrow" his visa would be issued and there was no basis for concern. All that was issued was confirmation from Intourist at the end of August of a hotel reservation in Leningrad. Havlin had also informed the Soviet officials that he wished to leave Paris for Leningrad no later than 8 September. The seemingly sincere promise that the visa would surely be forthcoming led Havlin to remain in Paris beyond that date and during the last week he went to the embassy daily. On 11 September, with no visa yet available, Havlin finally realized that there was no further point in continuing his futile battle and he left Paris. Although the organizers of the Leningrad Meeting had made firm promises to IUPAP, to Cochran, and to Merz, the Soviet authorities refused to issue a visa.

From our experiences, it is obvious that continued on page 72

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