

letters

man getrost nach Hause tragen." It would be a monumental task, though, to find out unambiguously for every named law and effect who all precursors and/or collaborators were; where and when the law was first stated or published; and who started to call it by the given name.

H. K. SCHURMANN
Temple University
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Ads for filled positions

With the advent of affirmative action, there has been a remarkable increase in "help-wanted" advertisements by equal-opportunity employers for jobs that are already filled. I am personally acquainted with a number of cases where such advertisements are a subterfuge to justify hiring of a person already chosen long before placement of the ad. The advertisement is used to "show" that a fair search was made.

I resent writing letters of recommendation for people to schools that will never consider the candidate for a position anyway. I think the entire business has degenerated into a farce.

DONALD RAPP
The University of Texas
Dallas, Texas

Corrections

I would like to correct two errors in the June 1974 issue of PHYSICS TODAY in the APS news section on page 59. The APS Summer Study on Radiation Effects on Materials, which I organized, examined basic scientific problems that limit progress in energy applications and stressed those that can be attacked by physicists in universities. Industry and AEC labs are already heavily involved in the problems of the effects of radiation on materials. Also, the photograph shown is that of my brother, Richard W. Vook, Professor of Metallurgy, Syracuse University.

F. L. VOOK
Sandia Laboratories
Albuquerque, New Mexico

See photos below for correct identification of Vook and his brother—Editor □



RICHARD W. VOOK



FREDERICK L. VOOK

do you need this solution set?

$0.532\mu + \text{OPO} = 2.00\mu \text{ to } 3.40\mu$

$0.562\mu + \text{OPO} = 0.73\mu \text{ to } 0.85\mu$

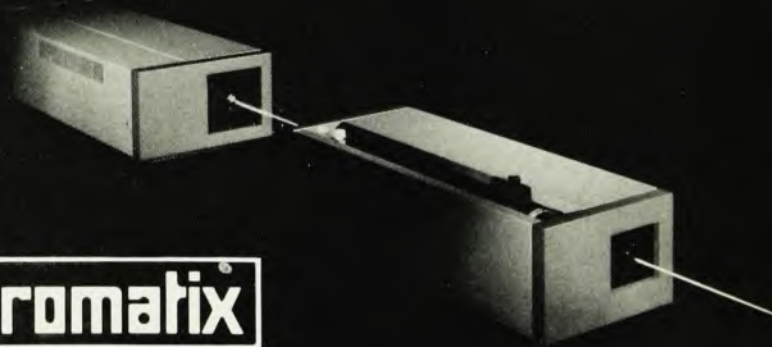
$0.659\mu + \text{OPO} = 0.90\mu \text{ to } 2.50\mu$

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