

LETTERS

Let's not pay referees

The letter by Richard J. Weiss in the August issue of *PHYSICS TODAY* presents a totally erroneous concept of the role of the referee for society journals. Refereeing is done by the whole community of physicists. Our American Physical Society uses about 1500 different referees in a year; every author is a potential referee. Refereeing is a professional responsibility performed voluntarily by all who wish to keep the publication standards high. If it were changed into a paid consulting job most of our prominent referees would not be interested, and we would be left with a handful of mercenaries. Moreover a charge for referee services will not act as a deterrent but will merely discriminate against small institutions.

Weiss also asserts that any paper quoted less than a dozen times should have remained unpublished. This statement is in direct contradiction with results obtained by the Technical Information Program, directed by M. M. Kessler at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. In a report of a thorough investigation based on all the footnotes in 36 volumes of *The Physical Review*, Kessler and F. E. Heart print the following emphatic warning:

"CAUTION. Any attempt to equate frequency of citation with worth or excellence will end in disaster; nor can we say that low frequency of citation indicates lack of worth."

S. A. GOUDSMIT
Brookhaven National Laboratory

Free thought, paid referees

The letter by Richard J. Weiss *PHYSICS TODAY*, August 1967), suggesting salaried referees and a \$500 publication fee, can probably be implemented if and only if *The Physical Review* is divided in two parts, one charging \$500 (and paying referees) and the other free (and not paying the referees).

That way, the free expression of scientific thought would continue unhindered, while valuable time need not be lost on cheap articles.

Eventually, one section might be discontinued, in a way that would indicate which is better.

On that basis, in all probability, the main writers of cheap articles would read only the expensive ones, while writers of expensive articles would feel a greater responsibility to read the cheap ones.

In any case, the procedure would indicate which projects have the financial backing, without providing an excuse to neglect publication by saying it is too expensive.

KENNETH J. EPSTEIN
Chicago

For want of the fee . . .

After reading Richard Weiss's letter in the August *PHYSICS TODAY* I dusted off my crystal ball and looked to see what *The Physical Review* would be in a few years. Here are my findings:

From: Editor Richard J. Weiss, *The Physical Review*

To: A. Onestone

Dear Dr Onestone:

We recently received your communication on electromagnetic theory. Unfortunately since your sponsoring agency, the patent office, can not make a deposit of \$500.00, your work must go unpublished. We hope that you understand that only through very careful reviewing will it be possible to uphold the quality of our journal. In the past few years we have received far more papers than ever before, no doubt due to the recent advances in theory and the refinement in experimental technique.

Our editorial policy has certainly paid off. *The Physical Review* now is published once monthly and has an average length of 12 pages. We admit to some drawbacks. Last year all of our articles did not merit Nobel prizes. This year, during the bad summer months, we will probably have to print some reruns from a few

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