

Study Committee. The MS degree in education can be earned through work done in the institute, and the program also offers the opportunity for teachers having sufficient background to work towards a master's degree in physics. Further information can be obtained by writing to Prof. Elmer L. Offenbacher, Director of the Academic Year Institute, Temple University, Philadelphia 22, Pa.

Indiana Dedicates Physics Annex

A new wing has recently been added to Swain Hall, the home of the Physics Department at Indiana University. On November 21 and 22, 1961, the University celebrated the formal opening of the structure with a dedicatory conference attended by sixty physicists from various parts of the country. All had at one time or another received advanced degrees from the Indiana University Physics Department. One of the invited speakers at the conference was Atomic Energy Commissioner Leland J. Haworth, who received his BA in 1925, his AM in 1926, and an honorary DSc in 1961. Another was Paul W. McDaniel, director of the AEC's Division of Research, who received his PhD from the University in 1941. Nineteen of the University's former graduate students in physics presented contributed papers on topics associated with their current interests in physics.

The new wing has increased the space used by the Physics Department by about fifty percent and has more than doubled the amount of research space. Among the features of the building are a large machine shop, two chemistry laboratories designed for the handling of radioactive materials, a laboratory for a course in atomic and nuclear physics, a lecture room with a seating capacity of 250, and a number of research laboratories.

Advanced Study and Research

Temporary memberships in New York University's Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences are being offered for the 1962-63 academic-year to PhD-level mathematicians and scientists who intend to study or conduct research in the areas in which the Institute is particularly active; these include functional analysis, function theory, differential equations, quantum theory of fields, quantum-mechanical scattering theory, methods of mathematical physics, fluid dynamics and magnetohydrodynamics, electromagnetic theory, elasticity, numerical analysis, computers, or probability and statistics. The Institute's temporary membership program, which is supported by funds granted to the University both by private contributors and by the National Science Foundation, is designed to help increase the number of scientists trained in mathematical physics, applied mathematics, and mathematical analysis.

The one-year temporary memberships will be awarded in accordance with professional status, and